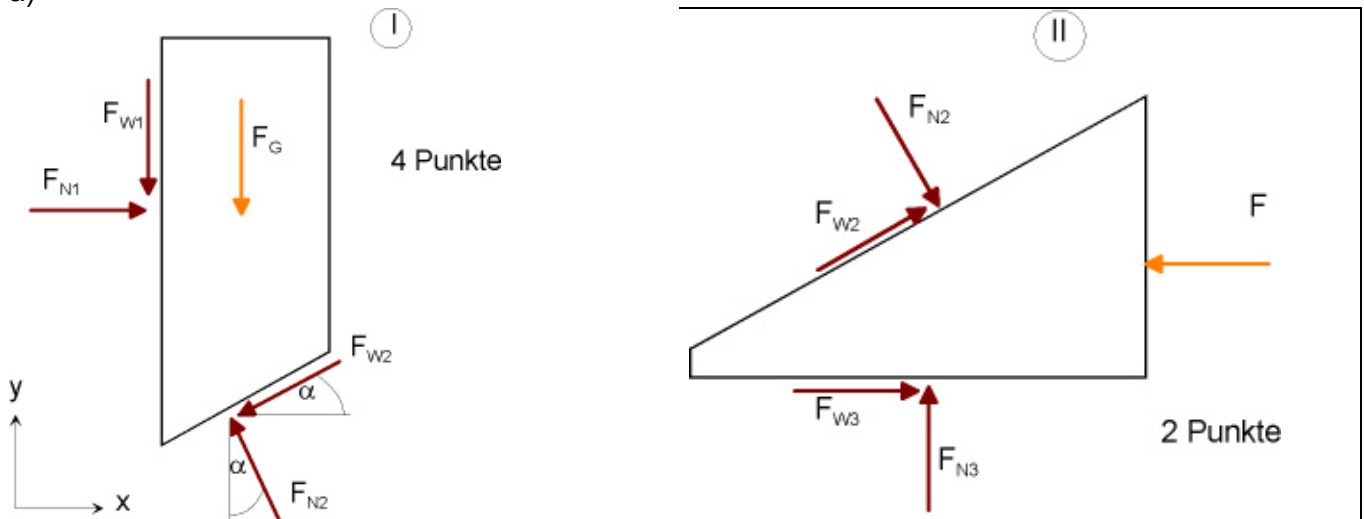




Klausur SS1997

Aufgabe 1

a)



b) System I: $\sum F_x = 0: -F_{N2} \sin \alpha - F_{W2} \cos \alpha + F_{N1} = 0$ (1)
 $\sum F_y = 0: F_{N2} \cos \alpha - F_{W2} \sin \alpha - F_{W1} - F_G = 0$ (2)

System II: $\sum F_x = 0: F_{W2} \cos \alpha + F_{N2} \sin \alpha + F_{W3} - F = 0$ (3)
 $\sum F_y = 0: F_{W2} \sin \alpha - F_{N2} \cos \alpha + F_{N3} = 0$ (4)

7 Punkte

$$F_{W1} = \mu F_{N1}, F_{W2} = \mu F_{N2}, F_{W3} = \mu F_{N3} \quad (5.7)$$

Unbekannte: $F_{N1}, F_{W1}, F_{N2}, F_{W2}, F_{N3}, F_{W3}, F \Rightarrow 7$ Stück

$$(3) \Rightarrow F = F_{N2}(\mu \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha) + \mu F_{N3}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow -F_{N2}(\sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha) + F_{N1} = 0$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow F_{N2}(\cos \alpha + \mu \sin \alpha) - \mu F_{N1} - F_G = 0$$

$$(4) \Rightarrow F_{N2}(\mu \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha) + F_{N3} = 0$$

$$\text{aus (1)} \Rightarrow F_{N1} = F_{N2}(\sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha)$$

$$\text{aus (1)+(2)} \Rightarrow F_{N2}(\cos \alpha - \mu \sin \alpha - \mu \sin \alpha - \mu^2 \cos \alpha) = F_G$$

$$\text{aus (4)} \Rightarrow F_{N2} = \frac{F_G}{(\cos \alpha - 2 \mu \sin \alpha - \mu^2 \cos \alpha)} \rightarrow F_{N3} = -\frac{\mu \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha - 2 \mu \sin \alpha - \mu^2 \cos \alpha} F_G$$



3 Punkte

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{\mu \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha - \mu^2 \sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha - 2 \mu \sin \alpha - \mu^2 \cos \alpha} F_G = \frac{(1 - \mu^2) \sin \alpha + 2 \mu \cos \alpha}{(1 - \mu^2) \cos \alpha - 2 \mu \sin \alpha} F_G$$

c) $F \rightarrow \infty$: Selbstsperrung $\Rightarrow (1 - \mu^2) \cos \alpha - 2 \mu \sin \alpha = 0$

1 Punkt

1 Punkt

$$\Rightarrow \mu^2 + 2 \mu \tan \alpha - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_{1,2} = -\tan \alpha \pm \sqrt{\tan^2 \alpha + 1}$$

$$= -\tan \alpha \pm \frac{1}{\cos \alpha}$$

2 Punkte

Insgesamt 20 Punkte

Aufgabe 2

a)

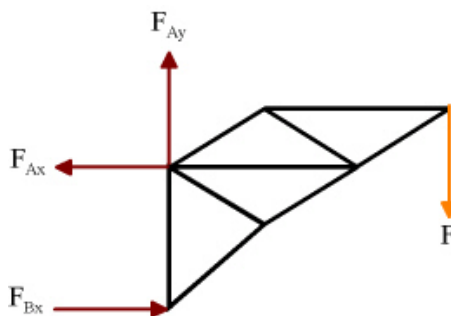
Anzahl der Lagerreaktionen: 3

Anzahl der Stäbe: 9

Anzahl der Knoten: 6

$$\Rightarrow 2 \cdot 6 = 3 + 9 \quad \text{statisch bestimmt!}$$

b) Freischnitt:



$$\sum F_x = 0: F_{Ax} = F_{Bx}$$

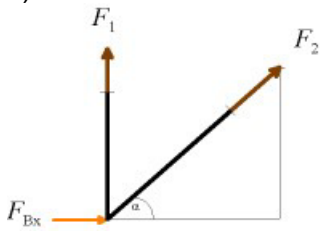
$$\sum F_y = 0: F_{Ay} = F$$

$$\sum M_{(B)} = 0: -F \cdot 9a + F_{Bx} \cdot 4a = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{Bx} = \frac{9}{4} F = \frac{9}{4} \cdot 4 \text{ kN} = 9 \text{ kN} = F_{Ax}$$



c) Stabkräfte 1 und 2:



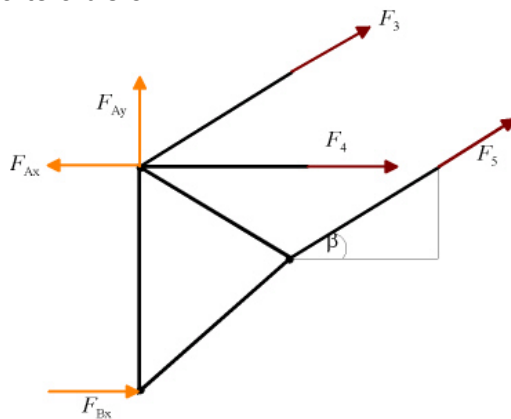
$$\sum F_x = 0 : F_{Bx} + F_2 \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow F_2 = \frac{-F_{Bx}}{\cos 45^\circ} = \frac{-9 \text{ kN}}{\sqrt{2}} = -6.36 \text{ kN} \quad (\text{Zug, Minus!})$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : F_1 = -F_2 \sin \alpha = +9 \text{ kN} \quad (\text{Zug, Plus!})$$

Stabkräfte 3 bis 5:



$$\sum M_{(A)} = 0 : +F_5 \cos \alpha a + F_5 \sin \beta 3a + F_{Bx} 4a = 0$$

$$F_5 = -\frac{4F_{Bx}}{(\cos \beta + 3 \sin \beta)}$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = 18.43^\circ$$

$$F_5 = -\frac{49 \text{ kN}}{(\cos 18.43^\circ + 3 \sin 18.43^\circ)} = -18.98 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : F_{Ay} + F_3 \sin \gamma + F_5 \sin \gamma = 0, \quad \gamma = \beta$$

$$\Rightarrow F_3 = \frac{1}{\sin \gamma} (-F_{Ay} - F_5 \sin \gamma) = \frac{1}{\sin \gamma} (-4 \text{ kN} + 18.98 \text{ kN} \sin 18.43^\circ) = 6.328 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 : -F_{Ax} + F_{Bx} + F_4 + F_3 \cos \gamma + F_5 \cos \beta = 0$$

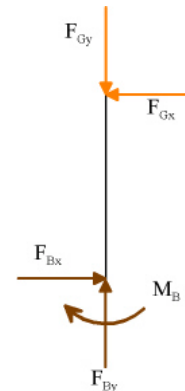
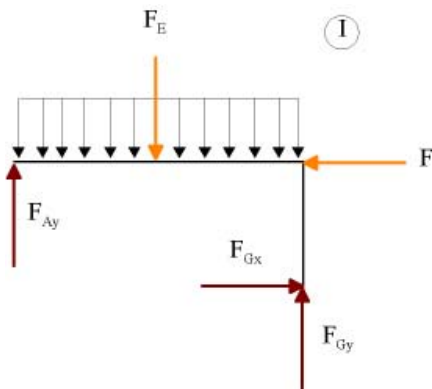
$$\Rightarrow F_4 = F_{Ax} - F_{Bx} - F_3 \cos \gamma - F_5 \cos \beta$$

$$= 9 \text{ kN} - 9 \text{ kN} - 6.328 \text{ kN} \cos 18.43^\circ + 18.98 \text{ kN} \cos 18.43^\circ = 12 \text{ kN}$$



Aufgabe 3

Freischnitt:



System I)

$$\sum F_x = 0: F_{Gx} = F$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: F_{Ay} - F_E + F_{ay} = 0$$

$$\sum M_{(G)} = 0: -F_{Ay} 2a + F a + F_E a = 0$$

$$F_E = 2 q_0 a$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{Ay} = 3 q_0 a$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{Gy} = -q_0 a$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{Gx} = 4 q_0 a$$

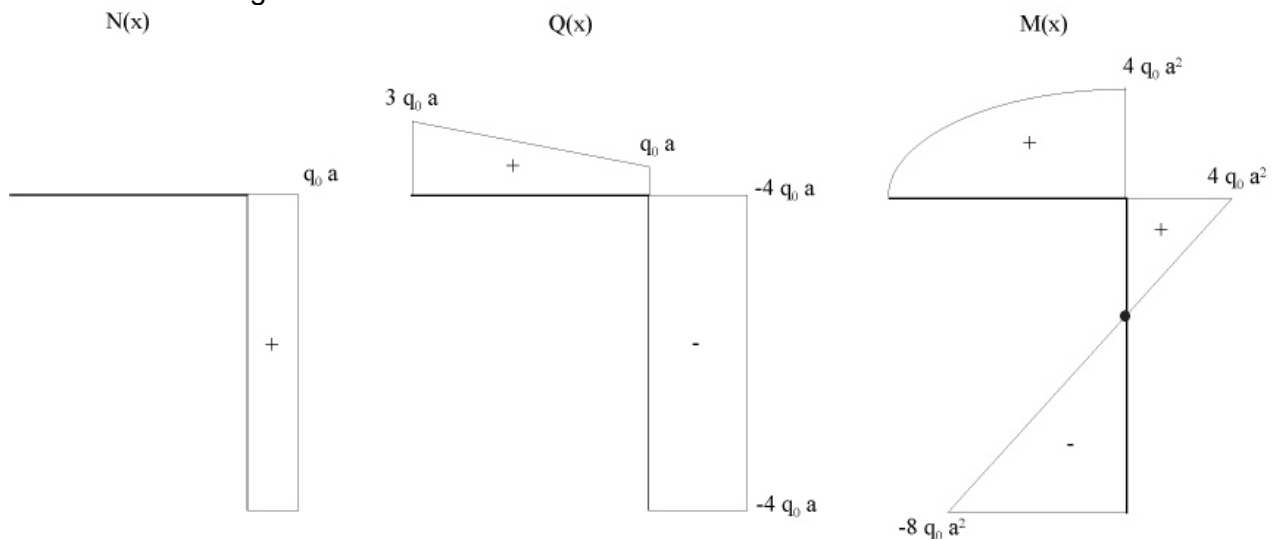
System II)

$$\sum F_x = 0: -F_{Gx} + F_{Bx} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{Bx} = 4 q_0 a$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: -F_{Gy} + F_{By} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{By} = -q_0 a$$

$$\sum M_{(B)} = 0: F_{Gx} 2a - M_B = 0 \Rightarrow M_B = 8 q_0 a^2$$

Verlauf der Schnittgrößen:



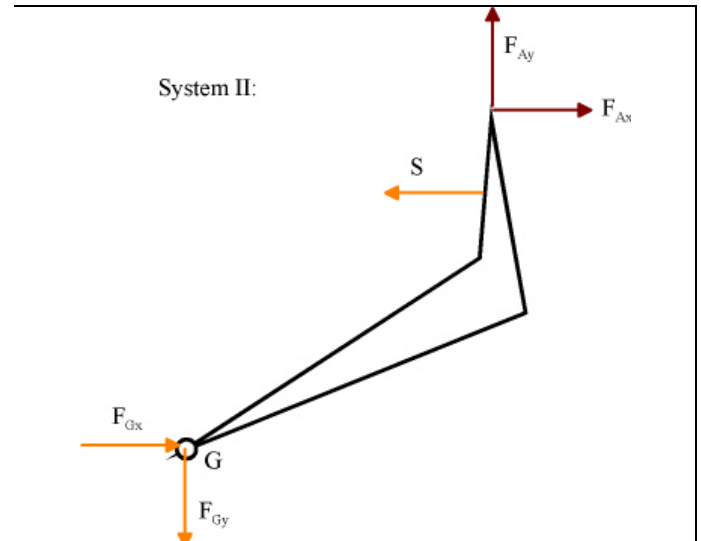
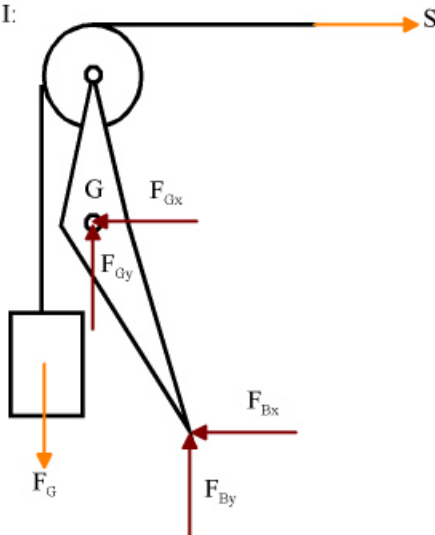


Aufgabe 4

a) Durch die Annahme, dass zwischen Seil und Rolle keine Reibungskräfte wirken, entspricht die Seilkraft der Gewichtskraft der am Seilende angebrachten Masse (=1 kN).

b) Freischnitt

System I:



System I)

$$\sum F_x = 0 : 1 \text{ kN} - F_{Gx} - F_{Bx} = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : -1 \text{ kN} + F_{Gy} + F_{By} = 0$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 : 3 \text{ kN} \cdot a - 1 \text{ kN} \cdot 6a + F_{Gx} \cdot 2a - F_{Gy} \cdot 2a = 0$$

System II)

$$\sum F_x = 0 : 1 \text{ kN} + F_{Gx} + F_{Ax} = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : -F_{Gy} + F_{Ay} = 0$$

$$\sum F_A = 0 : F_{Gx} \cdot 5a + F_{Gy} \cdot 3a - 1 \text{ kN} \cdot a = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{Gx} = F_{Gy} + \frac{3}{2} \text{ kN}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 F_{Gx} + \frac{15}{2} \text{ kN} + 3 F_{Gy} - 1 \text{ kN} = 0$$

$$F_{Gy} = -\frac{13}{16} \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{Gx} = \frac{11}{16} \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{Bx} = \frac{5}{16} \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{By} = \frac{29}{16} \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{Ax} = \frac{5}{16} \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{Ay} = -\frac{13}{16} \text{ kN}$$



Aufgabe 5

a)

$$\Delta l_{St} = \frac{l_{St} F}{E_{St} A_{St}}$$
$$\Delta l_{Cu} = \frac{l_{Cu} F}{E_{Cu} A_{Cu}} = \frac{l_{St} F}{\frac{E_{St}}{2} 2 A_{St}}$$
$$2 \Delta l_{St} + \Delta l_{Cu} = h$$
$$\Rightarrow \frac{3 l_{St} F}{E_{St} A_{St}} = h \Rightarrow F = \frac{h E_{St} A_{St}}{3 l_{St}} = \frac{110^{-3} \text{ m} \cdot 210 \cdot 10^9 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 110^{-4} \text{ m}^2}{3 \cdot 1 \text{ m}} = 2.33 \text{ kN}$$

b)

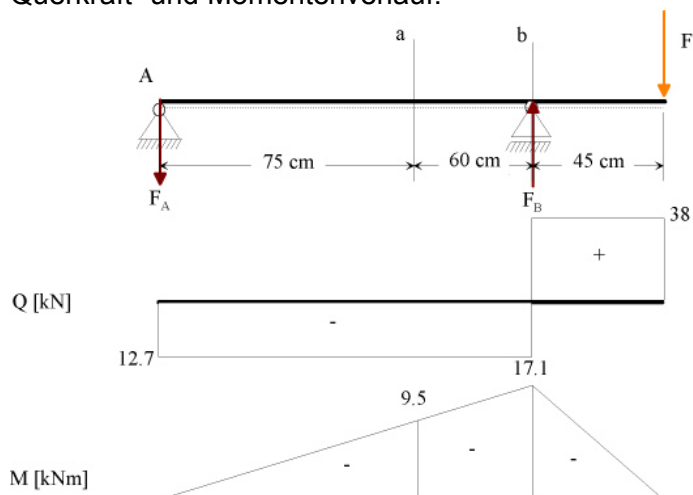
$$\sigma_{St} = \frac{F}{A_{St}} = \frac{2.33 \text{ kN}}{\frac{1}{3} 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2} = 69.9 \text{ MPa}$$
$$\sigma_{Cu} = \frac{F}{A_{Cu}} = \frac{2.33 \text{ kN}}{\frac{2}{3} 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2} = 35 \text{ MPa}$$

c)

$$\Delta l_{St} = \alpha_{St} \Delta v l_{St}$$
$$\Delta l_{Cu} = \alpha_{Cu} \Delta v l_{Cu}$$
$$\Rightarrow 2 \Delta l_{St} + \Delta l_{Cu} = (2 \alpha_{St} l_{St} + \alpha_{Cu} l_{Cu}) \Delta v = h$$
$$\Rightarrow \Delta v = \frac{h}{2 \alpha_{St} l_{St} + \alpha_{Cu} l_{Cu}} = \frac{10^{-3} \text{ m}}{(2 \cdot 121 \text{ m} + 1.16 \text{ m}) \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{1}{\text{K}}} = 25 \text{ K}$$

Aufgabe 6

Querkraft- und Momentenverlauf:





$$\sum M_A = 0 = F_B \cdot 135 \text{ cm} - F \cdot 180 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = -F_A + F_B - F$$

mit $F = 38 \text{ kN}$

$$\Rightarrow F_B = 50.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_A = 12.7 \text{ kN}$$

	A_i	y_i	$A_i y_i$	$ a = y_s - y_{si} $	$a^2 A$	I_0
400 8	32.0	0.4	12.8	3.73	445	≈ 0
150 5	15.0	8.3	124.5	4.17	261	281
100 5	5.0	15.55	77.8	11.42	652	≈ 0

$$\sum A_i = 52.0 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\sum A_i y_i = 215 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$y_s = \frac{\sum A_i y_i}{\sum A_i} = 4.13 \text{ cm}$$

$$I_x = 1640 \text{ cm}^4$$

Biegespannungen:

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{W} = \frac{M}{I} e$$

$$\sigma_{oben} = \frac{9.50 \text{ kN} \cdot 4.13 \text{ cm}}{1640 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \sigma_o = 23.9 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{unten} = \frac{-9.50 \text{ kN} \cdot 11.67 \text{ cm}}{1640 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \sigma_u = -67.6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

Schubspannungen:

$$\tau = \frac{F_Q \sum A_i y_i}{I_x 2a} \quad a = 3 \text{ mm}; F_Q = 12.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$\tau = \frac{12.7 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ N} \cdot 400 \cdot 8 \text{ mm}^3 \cdot (41.3 - 4) \text{ mm}}{1640 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \text{ mm}} \Rightarrow \tau = 15.4 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{Naht} = \frac{M}{I_x} (4.13 - 0.8) \text{ cm} = 19.3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$



Aufgabe 7

Steifigkeiten:

$$EI_1 = 2000 \text{ kNm}$$

$$EI_2 = 1800 \text{ kNm}$$

Wahre Auflager und Momente:

$$F_B = \frac{1}{6} [-8 \cdot 0.5 + 23 \cdot 0.5] = 1.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{Ay} = -F_B = -1.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Ar} = -8 \text{ kN} \cdot 0.5 = -4 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{kl} = -8 \text{ kNm} \cdot 0.5 \text{ m} - 1.25 \text{ kN} \cdot 3 \text{ m} = -7.75 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{kr} = +1.25 \text{ kNm} \cdot 3 \text{ m} = +3.75 \text{ kNm}$$

Ersatzkräfte:

$$F_a = \frac{2.0 + 3.88}{2} \cdot 3.0 \cdot 10^{-3} = 8.82 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$F_b = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2.08 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^{-3} = 3.12 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Ersatzauflager:

$$F_B = \frac{1}{6} [3.12 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 4.0 - 8.82 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1.7] = -0.419 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$F_A = (8.82 - 3.12 - 0.419) \cdot 10^{-3} = 5.28 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Ersatzmomente:

$$M_a = -5.88 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1.7 \text{ m} = -8.98 \text{ mm}$$

$$M_b = -0.419 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 2.0 \text{ m} = -0.84 \text{ mm}$$

Neigung und Durchbiegung:

$$\zeta_i = \frac{8.98 \text{ mm}}{1.7 \text{ m}} = 5.23 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$y_k = - \left[0.84 + \frac{(8.98 - 0.84)}{2.3} \cdot 1.0 \right] = -4.38 \text{ mm}$$